




TEMPLE SOWERBY CE PRIMARY SCHOOL

Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSHE) Policy, 2025

Approved by ¹	
Name:	Mr K Laithwaite – Headteacher
Signed:	
Date:	Oct 2025
Review date ² :	Oct 2026

Background

The Church of England's Vision and Relationships and Health Education

The Vision contains four core strands:

- **Educating for wisdom, knowledge and skills:** enabling discipline, confidence and delight in seeking wisdom and knowledge, and developing talents in all areas of life.
- **Educating for hope and aspiration:** enabling healing, repair and renewal, coping wisely when things go wrong, opening horizons and guiding people into ways of fulfilling them.
- **Educating for community and living well together:** a core focus on relationships, participation in communities and the qualities of character that enable people to flourish together.
- **Educating for dignity and respect:** the basic principle of respect for the value and preciousness of each person, treating each person as a unique individual of inherent worth.

Relationships Education promotes each of these four core strands through: the development of **understanding** which places our pupils in a position of strength; **opening horizons** ensuring that pupils are not oppressed by unhealthy relationships; enabling our whole school **community to live well** and disagree well together; and by ensuring that every member of the school community is **respected and valued**.

The colour coding throughout this policy is used to highlight the direct links with our approach to Relationships Education and the Church of England's Vision for Education.

Rationale

Our Vision

At Temple Sowerby CE Primary School, our vision for the school community is rooted in a deep respect for our human, social, and cultural values, expressed in a caring Christian ethos. We aim to provide high academic standards and a wide range of experiences and opportunities. In doing so, we encourage all children to flourish by giving them the skills they need to become good citizens and to discover life in all its fullness (John 10:10).

In keeping with the Church of England's vision and our own, we believe that all pupils have a right to an education which enables them to **flourish** and **fulfil their potential**, without fear, in a **community** where differences of lifestyle and opinion are treated with **dignity and respect**.

As a school, we understand that for pupils to **flourish academically**, their **mental and emotional wellbeing** is vital. We also recognise that in order to make our school a happy and nurturing learning **environment** and workplace for pupils and staff respectively, positive and healthy **relationships** between all members of our school **community** (including between pupils and adults) are important.

We also value the importance of working closely with parents and families and the essential role that families play in **supporting** our pupils to develop healthy **relationships**. This policy has been drafted following consultation with parents and governors. We welcome feedback and warmly invite suggestions on either the content of this policy (which will be taken into account when it is reviewed) or how the curriculum in any class may need to be adapted to take into account the **temporary or permanent family circumstances** of any of our pupils. Parents should speak to their child's class teacher in the first instance; or make an appointment to meet with Mr Laithwaite, Headteacher and RSHE Lead.

This policy is part of a suite of documents aimed at supporting our pupils' **emotional wellbeing, safety and personal development** and promoting **safe and healthy relationships** and should be read in conjunction with our:

- Behaviour Policy;
- Child Protection Policy and Safeguarding Procedures;
- Equality Objectives and Action Plan'
- Online Safety Policy.

What is Relationships Education?

Through our Relationships Education programme, pupils learn:

- to **cherish themselves** and others as **unique and wonderfully made**;
- to recognise what a **healthy relationship** looks like and how to form healthy relationships, ensuring **respect and dignity** for themselves and others;
- how to live well together, including **behaving well towards** others, **disagreeing well, forgiving and repairing broken relationships**;
- **how to keep themselves and others safe**;
- how to make sense of the world around them (including an **online world and the changes to their bodies**); and
- to develop the skills to **express their own views** and make their own **informed decisions**.

The focus of our teaching is on **family** (the importance and value of **belonging to a loving family** and the fact that **families are all different**); and **friendships** (the **importance of having friends, knowing what it means to be a good friend**, how to spot an issue and what to do about it, how to resolve issues and **where to get help**).

Much of our teaching is 'on the spot' either in the classroom or on the playground or lunch hall. Often the best Relationships Education is born out of reflecting on actual issues that have occurred and exploring together how to **put them right or how we could do something differently going forwards**.

Planned Relationships Education sessions which take account of the age of the pupils take place on a weekly basis using the Kapow Scheme of Work (see Appendix 2). This is supplemented by additional workshops each term delivered by a specialist RHSE teacher, as well as additional programmes provided by external agencies, such as 'Real Love Rocks' by Barnardo's and 'Speak Out, Stay Safe' from NSPCC.

Detailed information about the content of our Relationships Education programme in each year group can be found in Appendix 2 of this policy and on our school website at www.tempsow.cumbria.sch.uk/rhse.

Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transsexual ("LGBT") Relationships

In keeping with our **loving and inclusive Christian ethos**, we believe that **every** pupil deserves **life in all its fullness** and **is uniquely and wonderfully made**. We teach our pupils to **value and respect** others regardless of their sexual or gender identity, whatever it might be.

We expect (in line with our **Behaviour Policy and the Equality Act 2010**) that **all** our pupils will feel valued and will be treated with **dignity and respect** by all other members of the school community.

To this end, as with all other areas of diversity, we **celebrate the differences** that make each of our school families unique. We help pupils to make sense of the **ways in which their own family life is the same as, and different from, that of their friends** and how to ask and answer questions **sensitively and respectfully**.

What is Health and Wellbeing?

Through our Health and Wellbeing programme, pupils learn:

- the range and scale of emotions they may experience in different circumstances;
- to make good decisions about their own **health and wellbeing**;
- about the benefits of physical activity, time outdoors, **a healthy diet** and **helping others** for **health, wellbeing and happiness**;
- to understand the links between **physical and mental health**;
- to recognise when things are not right in their own **health or the health of others**;
- to understand a range of ways to respond positively when things are not right in their **health**, including seeking help;
- to talk openly about health issues using appropriate, positive language, particularly in relation to mental health, **to reduce stigma attached to health issues**;
- to **prepare for and manage their changing bodies including their own menstruation** (including with requests for period products) or the **menstruation of others**;
- to use the **internet safely**; and
- basic **first aid**.

Sex Education at our school

Our Curriculum

Sex Education is an important part of our curriculum, vital for preparing our pupils for a safe and healthy life beyond primary school. We fully understand that parents and families often feel nervous about their child taking part in Sex Education lessons at school.

There are certain elements of Sex Education which, as a school, we are **legally obliged to teach**. These are set out in the National Curriculum for science (which is a statutory document) and involve teaching our pupils about the **human body, including how it changes during puberty, the life cycles of animals and the processes of reproduction of animals**.

At our school, we do not teach our pupils any Sex Education (other than that prescribed in the science curriculum) until Year 5/6 when we do deliver some Sex Education sessions in order to:

- **Give pupils an opportunity to ask questions** in a safe environment;
- **Develop an understanding of how we, as humans, are created, including how babies are made**;
- Support the **emotional development and wellbeing** of our pupils who may be struggling to make sense of either the changes to their body, or of upsetting or distressing information they have received from friends, or read or seen online;
- Ensure that pupils understand, before they leave primary school, **what is and is not acceptable in relation to how others treat their body**, so that they are able to **identify when someone is attempting to cross boundaries inappropriately**;
- Make sure our pupils **know where to get help if needed**; and

- Ensure pupils **understand the law** about the acceptable use of social media and online relationships.

In our school, these sessions are delivered by a specialist RHSE teacher who has led workshops in school for a number of years. Parents are informed via email when these sessions will be taking place in order that they can **support their child at home**. Any parent wishing to discuss the content or materials used is warmly welcomed to make an appointment to do so with their child's class teacher.

Right to request the withdrawal of pupils from Sex Education sessions

Pupils **cannot** be withdrawn from **Relationships Education or our Health and Wellbeing programme**.

Similarly, pupils **cannot** be excused from any elements of the **science curriculum** which deal with the human body or reproduction.

However, parents **can request** that their child be excused from Sex Education sessions which take place in Years 5 and 6. Any parent wishing to do so should discuss their concerns with the Headteacher. Whilst we respect the right of parents to make such a request, the school does not recommend that pupils miss these sessions. A lack of **knowledge and understanding** of sex makes it more likely that pupils will ask their friends and receive **inaccurate information**; turn to the internet and find information or images that are **distressing**; and potentially become prematurely sexually active.

Pupils with Special or Additional Needs

The teaching of Relationships Education to some pupils with **Special or Additional Needs** will be particularly sensitive and will need to match carefully the age and understanding of the individual pupil.

Some pupils may need to be taught Relationships Education in a different way to the rest of their age group. As in all other cases of **adapting the curriculum to meet an individual pupil's needs**, this will occur in consultation with the **pupil's family**. Any parent with concerns about their child's ability to engage with the planned curriculum should speak to their child's class teacher in the first instance.

Monitoring

Mr K Laithwaite is responsible for the Relationships, Health Education and Sex Education curriculum at our school.

He monitors the effectiveness of the teaching of Relationships, Health and Sex Education and is responsible for the monitoring of and review of this policy.

Relationships Education:

Curriculum content to be covered by the end of primary

Families and people who care for me	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. That families are important for children growing up safe and happy because they can provide love, security and stability. 2. The characteristics of safe and happy family life, such as commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. 3. That the families of other children, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. 4. That stable, caring relationships are at the heart of safe and happy families and are important for children's security as they grow up. 5. That marriage and civil partnerships represent a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong. 6. How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.
Caring friendships	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends. 2. That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded. Pupils should learn skills for developing caring, kind friendships. 3. That not every child will have the friends they would like at all times, that most people feel lonely sometimes, and that there is no shame in feeling lonely or talking about it. 4. The characteristics of friendships that lead to happiness and security, including mutual respect, honesty, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences, and support with problems and difficulties. 5. That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened. 6. How to manage conflict, and that resorting to violence is never right. 7. How to recognise when a friendship makes them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, and how to get support when needed.
Respectful, kind relationships	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How to pay attention to the needs and preferences of others, including in families and friendships. Pupils should be encouraged to discuss

	<p>how we balance the needs and wishes of different people in relationships and why this can be complicated.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The importance of setting and respecting healthy boundaries in relationships with friends, family, peers and adults. 3. How to communicate effectively and manage conflict with kindness and respect; how to be assertive and express needs and boundaries; how to manage feelings, including disappointment and frustration. 4. Pupils should have opportunities to discuss the difference between being assertive and being controlling, and conversely the difference between being kind to other people and neglecting your own needs. 5. That they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and the importance of respecting others, including those who are different (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices, or have different preferences or beliefs. 6. Practical steps they can take and skills they can develop in a range of different contexts to improve or support their relationships. 7. The conventions of courtesy and manners. 8. The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness. Pupils should have opportunities to think about how they foster their own self-esteem and build a strong sense of their own identity, including through developing skills and interests. 9. The different types of bullying (including online bullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult), and how to get help. 10. What a stereotype is, how stereotypes can be unfair, negative, destructive or lead to bullying and how to challenge a stereotype. 11. How to seek help when needed, including when they are concerned about violence, harm, or when they are unsure who to trust.
<p>Online safety and awareness</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. That people should be respectful in online interactions, and that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including where people are anonymous. For example, the importance of avoiding putting pressure on others to share information and images online, and strategies for resisting peer pressure. 2. How to critically evaluate their online relationships and sources of information, including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. For example, that people sometimes behave differently online, including pretending to be someone else, or pretending to be a child, and that this can lead to dangerous situations. How to recognise harmful content or harmful contact, and how to report this. 3. That there is a minimum age for joining social media sites (currently 13), which protects children from inappropriate content or unsafe contact with older social media users, who may be

	<p>strangers, including other children and adults.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. The importance of exercising caution about sharing any information about themselves online. Understanding the importance of privacy and location settings to protect information online. 5. Online risks, including that any material provided online might be circulated, and that once a picture or words has been circulated there is no way of deleting it everywhere and no control over where it ends up. 6. That the internet contains a lot of content that can be inappropriate and upsetting for children, and where to go for advice and support when they feel worried or concerned about something they have seen or engaged with online.
Being safe	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including online). This can include learning about boundaries in play and in negotiations about space, toys, books, resources etc. 2. The concept of privacy and its implications for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. 3. That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe contact, including physical contact. 4. How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online), including those they do and do not know. 5. How to recognise when a relationship is harmful or dangerous, including skills for recognising who to trust and who not to trust. 6. How to report abuse, concerns about something seen online or experienced in real life, or feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. 7. How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard. Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.
Health and Wellbeing:	
Curriculum content to be covered by the end of primary	
General wellbeing	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The benefits of physical activity, time outdoors, and helping others for health, wellbeing and happiness. Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family, as well as hobbies, interests and community participation.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The importance of promoting general wellbeing and physical health. 3. The range and scale of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) that they might experience in different situations. Pupils should understand that worrying and feeling down are normal, affect everyone at different times, and are not in themselves a sign of a mental health condition. 4. How to recognise feelings and use varied vocabulary to talk about their own and others' feelings. 5. How to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. 6. That isolation and loneliness can affect children, and the benefits of seeking support. 7. That bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing and how to seek help for themselves or others. 8. That change and loss, including bereavement, can provoke a range of feelings, that grief is a natural response to bereavement, and that everyone grieves differently. 9. Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including who in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). 10. That it is common to experience mental health problems, and early support can help.
<p>Wellbeing online</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. That for almost everyone the internet is an integral part of life. Pupils should be supported to think about positive and negative aspects of the internet. 2. Pupils should be supported to discuss how online relationships can complement and support meaningful in-person relationships, but also how they might be in tension, and the reasons why online relationships are unlikely to be a good substitute for high quality in-person relationships, looking at the pros and cons of different ways of using online connection. 3. The benefits of limiting time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing. 4. How to consider the impact of their online behaviour on others, and how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online. 5. Why social media, some apps, computer games and online gaming, including gambling sites, are age restricted.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. The risks relating to online gaming, video game monetisation, scams, fraud and other financial harms, and that gaming can become addictive. 7. How to take a critical approach to what they see and read online and make responsible decisions about which content, including content on social media and apps, is appropriate for them. 8. That abuse, bullying and harassment can take place online and that this can impact wellbeing. How to seek support from trusted adults. 9. How to understand the information they find online, including from search engines, and know how information is selected and targeted. 10. That they have rights in relation to sharing personal data, privacy and consent. 11. Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.
Physical health and fitness	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle. 2. The importance of building regular physical activity into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, moderate and/or vigorous physical activity. 3. The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle, including obesity. 4. How and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.
Healthy eating	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content). 2. Understanding the importance of a healthy relationship with food. 3. The principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals. 4. The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).
Drugs, alcohol, tobacco and vaping	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, vaping, alcohol use and drug-taking. This should include the risks of nicotine addiction, which are also caused by other nicotine products such as nicotine pouches.
Health protection and prevention	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. 2. About safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for health, the amount of sleep recommended for their age, and practical steps for improving sleep, such as not using screens in the bedroom. The impact of poor sleep on weight, mood and ability to learn. 3. About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene, including brushing teeth twice a day with fluoride toothpaste, cleaning between teeth, and regular check-ups at the dentist. 4. About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. 5. The facts and scientific evidence relating to vaccination and immunisation. The introduction of topics relating to vaccination and immunisation should be aligned with when vaccinations are offered to pupils.
Personal safety	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. About hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk and ways to reduce risks. 2. How to recognise risk and keep safe around roads, railways, including level crossings, and water, including the water safety code.
Basic first aid	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary, including the importance of reporting incidents rather than filming them. 2. Concepts of basic first aid, for example dealing with common injuries and ailments, including head injuries.
Developing bodies	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. About growth and other ways the body can change and develop, particularly during adolescence. This topic should include the human lifecycle, and puberty should be discussed as a stage in this process. 2. The correct names of body parts, including the penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples. Pupils should understand that all of these parts of the body are private and have skills to understand and express their own boundaries around these body parts. 3. The facts about the menstrual cycle, including physical and emotional changes, whilst the average age of the onset of menstruation is twelve, periods can start at eight, so covering this topic before girls' periods start will help them understand what to expect and avoid distress.

Appendix 2 – Progression in RHSE

A full breakdown of the Kapow Scheme of Work, showing how it meets the National Curriculum objectives (outlined in Appendix 1) is shown below. Please note that the Kapow curriculum resources will be updated in line with the 2026 RHSE curriculum in May 2026.

Revised RSE & Health Education Curriculum comes into effect in September 2026

From September 2026 schools are required to teach the revised RSE and Health curriculum. Our updated resources will be released May 2026.



Kapow Primary		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Families and friendships	Family	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding that families can include a range of people and how different members of a family are related to each other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning that families can be made up of different people Understanding that families offer care, love and support 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning that problems can occur in families and that their is help available if needed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding that families are varied, in the UK and across the world and having respect for these differences 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding that we all have different positive attributes and we should be proud of these Learning what marriage is and that it is a choice that people make Learning that sometimes families can make children feel unhappy or unsafe and that there is help available 		
	Health and wellbeing							
	Safety and the changing body	Friendships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To begin to understand the characteristics of positive friendships Learning that friendships can have problems but that these can be overcome Exploring friendly behaviours 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding difficulties in friendships and action that can be taken 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring ways to resolve friendship problems Developing an understanding of the impact of bullying and what to do if bullying occurs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring physical and emotional boundaries in friendships Exploring different roles related to bullying including victim, bully and bystander 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding that friendships will encounter issues but that this may strengthen them Understanding the impact of bullying and what might influence the behaviour of a bully 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning that friendships can experience conflict, and ways in which to resolve conflict, through negotiation and compromise
		Respectful relationships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning to recognise how other people show their feelings and how to care for others Exploring the ability to successfully work with different people Understanding ways to help others 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning how other people show their feelings and how to respond to them Exploring the conventions of manners in different situations Developing an understanding of self respect 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding what trust is and identifying who I can trust Learning about the effects of non verbal communication Developing listening skills Exploring stereotyping 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding expected courtesy and manners in a range of scenarios Understanding how my actions and behaviour affects others Understanding stereotyping 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning how stereotypes can be unfair, negative and destructive 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning what respect is and that it is part of a relationship Understanding that everyone deserves to be respected but that respect can be lost Understanding stereotyping and bullying linked to it
	Change and loss		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring how loss and change can affect us 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning what bereavement is and how to help someone who has experienced bereavement 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding grief and the associated emotions To explore the process and emotions relating to grief 	

Kapow Primary		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Families and friendships	Health and prevention	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the importance of hand hygiene Understanding the risks of sun exposure and how to stay safe in the sun Developing an understanding of allergies and what to do if someone has an allergic reaction 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing an understanding of how to look after my teeth 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the risks of exposure to the sun and developing independence for protecting myself in the sun 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding ways of preventing illness and the benefits of immunisation Developing an understanding of possible signs of illness and some actions I can take
	Health and wellbeing						
Safety and the changing body	Physical health and wellbeing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring health related jobs and people who help to keep us healthy Understanding the importance of sleep and positive sleep habits Exploring two different methods of relaxation: progressive muscle relaxation and laughter 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the importance of exercise and its effect on the body Understanding when relaxation techniques can be useful and learning breathing exercises to aid relaxation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing the ability to plan for a healthy lifestyle with physical activity, a balanced diet and rest Understanding the positive impact of relaxation on the body and learning relaxation stretches Understanding what a balanced diet is and the effects upon mental and physical health 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying what makes me feel calm and relaxed and learning visualisation as a tool to aid relaxation Understanding the skills needed for different jobs and exploring how my skills can be used to undertake certain jobs and roles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the benefits of sleep and developing greater responsibility for ensuring good quality sleep Understanding the relationship between stress and relaxation and exploring yoga as a technique for relaxation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding that I have a responsibility to look after my overall health, including, diet, oral hygiene, physical activity, rest and relaxation Understanding the factors which contribute to my physical and mental health Identifying a range of relaxation strategies and situations in which they would be useful
	Mental wellbeing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding my strengths and qualities Understanding and describing feelings and emotions Identifying personal goals and how to work towards them Exploring the need for perseverance and developing a growth mindset 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognising an increasing range of feelings and some strategies for managing different emotions Developing empathy Identifying personal goals and how to work towards them Exploring the need for perseverance and developing a growth mindset 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring my identity through the groups I belong to Identifying my strengths and exploring how I use them to help others Understanding how to overcome problems by breaking them onto smaller, achievable steps 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding that it is normal to experience a range of emotions Developing the ability to appreciate the emotions of others in different situations Learning to take responsibility for my emotions and that I can control some things but not others Developing an understanding of mental health including experiencing problems Developing a growth mindset, acknowledging that mistakes are useful to learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding what can cause stress and how to deal with it Exploring ways to achieve a goal, setting short-term, medium-term and long-term targets Developing the ability to take responsibility for and manage my feelings Identifying how failure can make me feel, learning to manage those feelings and that failure is an important part of success 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring my personal qualities and how to build on them Learning the importance of resilience and developing strategies for being resilient in challenging situations Identifying long-term goals and developing a plan as to how to achieve them

Kapow Primary		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Families and friendships	Being safe (including online)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding how to respond appropriately to adults in a range of settings Understanding what to do if I get lost Exploring potential hazards in the home and how to avoid these Understanding the roles people have within the local community to help keep me safe Developing an understanding of appropriate physical contact 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing an understanding of being safe near roads and learning how to cross roads safely Understanding the safe use of medicines Beginning to understand the importance of staying safe online Understanding the difference between secrets and surprises Understanding the concept of privacy and naming the private parts of my body 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding ways to keep safe when crossing and near roads Developing skills as a responsible digital citizen Recognising and responding to cyberbullying Beginning to recognise unsafe digital content Exploring that people and things can influence me and I need to make the right decision for me Exploring choices and decisions that I can make 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing an understanding of being safe online Understanding how to seek help if I need to Exploring the difference between private and public Understanding that age restrictions are designed to protect me Learning about the benefits and risks of sharing information online 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing an understanding of how to ensure relationships online are safe Recognising an increasing number of online risks and ways to stay safe online 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing an understanding about the reliability of online information Exploring online relationships including dealing with problems Understanding that online relationships should be treated in the same way as face to face relationships Knowing where to get help with any online problems
	Health and wellbeing						
Safety and the changing body	Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring what is and isn't safe to put in or on my body 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning how to be safe around medicines 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploring that people and things can influence me and I need to make the right decision for me Exploring choices and decisions that I can make 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the risks associated with tobacco 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the influence others can have on me Learning strategies I can use to overcome pressure from others 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the risks associated with alcohol
	The changing adolescent body		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowing the names of parts of my body 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing an understanding of physical and emotional changes as I grow up 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the physical changes from childhood to adulthood Developing an understanding of the main aspects of puberty, including menstruation Learning about the emotional changes during puberty 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowing the changes experienced during puberty Understanding how a baby is conceived and develops
	Basic first aid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding what classes as an emergency and how to make a call to the emergency services 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowing how to call the emergency services Knowing how to respond to bites and stings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowing how to help someone with asthma 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowing how to help someone who is bleeding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowing how to help someone who is choking Knowing how to help someone who is unresponsive